

NETePay 5 Installation & Configuration Guide

WorldPay (Terminal) With Dial Backup

V5.07

Part Number: 8716.84

NETePay Installation & Configuration Guide

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Version Support

This document supports the following application versions: NETePay 5 (WorldPay - Terminal) - Rental - Version 5.07.XX DSIClientX, Version 3.86 dsiPDCX, Version 1.55 DSIClient Transaction Utility, Version 2.50

Payment Processor Support

This document supports the following payment processor:

WorldPay Terminal With Dial Backup

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OVERVIEW

Introduction

About NETePay with Dial Backup

Developed by Datacap Systems, *NETePay* enables retail, restaurant and other businesses to perform fast electronic payment authorizations via the Internet. NETePay also incorporates automatic dialup backup direct to the processing host in the event of an Internet outage. The dial backup operation is completely automatic and switches back to Internet operation without operator intervention.

NETePay is multi-threaded to accept simultaneous requests from multiple clients, and scalable so that customers can configure their store systems to fit their requirements and get the most favorable rates from their payment service.

About Datacap

Datacap Systems, Inc. develops and markets electronic payment interfaces that enable cash register and business systems developers to add electronic payment acceptance to their systems.

Datacap has various solutions that interface to virtually any hardware or software platform and send transactions to all major payment processors via most common communications technologies including dial, wireless, and Internet.

How it works

NETePay is an application that executes on a server at the store level and monitors transaction requests from client machines using a POS application integrated with one of Datacap's client ActiveX controls, DSIClientX, dsiPDCX or dsiEMVX.

When *NETePay* receives an encrypted transaction request from a client control integrated with POS software, it sends the request to the processing host for approval via the Internet or other TCP/IP Virtual Private Network (VPN) services.

If the *NETePay* system cannot deliver the transactions to the processing host due to some IP related failure, it will automatically utilize an attached *DialLink***TM** modem from Datacap to communicate directly over normal phone lines to the processing host's dial processing system. Datacap's *DialLink* modem is a not DataTran but rather a V.22bis modem which has been optimized for use with Datacap's *NETePay* software for fast connections to the processing host.

NETePay supports multi-tran operation which allows multiple transactions to be processed during a single phone connection with the processing host. When transactions are waiting on the POS system, this feature can provide processing throughput close to IP speeds.

CHAPTER 2 PA DSS 3.2 - IMPLEMENTATION GUIDE

About this Guide

This document describes the steps that must be followed in order for your NETePay 5 installations to comply with Payment Application – Data Security Standards (PA-DSS). The information in this document is based on PCI Security Standards Council Payment Application - Data Security Standards program (version 3.2 dated May 2016).

Datacap Systems instructs and advises its customers to deploy Datacap Systems applications in a manner that adheres to the PCI Data Security Standard (v3.2). Subsequent to this, best practices and hardening methods, such as those referenced by the Center for Internet Security (CIS) and their various "Benchmarks", should be followed in order to enhance system logging, reduce the chance of intrusion and increase the ability to detect intrusion, as well as other general recommendations to secure networking environments. Such methods include, but are not limited to, enabling operating system auditing subsystems, system logging of individual servers to a centralized logging server, the disabling of infrequently-used or frequently vulnerable networking protocols and the implementation of certificate-based protocols for access to servers by users and vendors.

You must follow the steps outlined in this *Implementation Guide* in order for your NETePay 5 installation to support your PCI DSS compliance efforts.

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Nothing herein shall be construed as limiting or reducing your obligations to comply with any applicable laws, regulations or industry standards relating to security or otherwise including, but not limited to PCI PA-DSS and DSS.

The retailer may undertake activities that may affect compliance. For this reason, Datacap Systems Inc. is required to be specific to only the standard software provided by it.

About this Document

This document describes the steps that must be followed in order for your NETePay 5 installations to comply with Payment Application – Data Security Standards (PA-DSS). The information in this document is based on PCI Security Standards Council Payment Application – Data Security Standards program (version 3.2 dated June 2016). Datacap Systems Inc. instructs and advises its customers to deploy Datacap Systems Inc. applications in a manner that adheres to the PCI Data Security Standard (v3.2). Subsequent to this, best practices and hardening methods, such as those referenced by the Center for Internet Security (CIS) and their various "Benchmarks", should be followed in order to enhance system logging, reduce the chance of intrusion and increase the ability to detect intrusion, as well as other general recommendations to secure networking environments. Such methods include, but are not limited to, enabling operating system auditing subsystems, system logging of individual servers to a centralized logging server, the disabling of infrequently-used or frequently vulnerable networking protocols and the implementation of certificate-based protocols for access to servers by users and vendors.

You must follow the steps outlined in this *Implementation Guide* in order for your NETePay 5 installation to support your PCI DSS compliance efforts.

Name	Title	Date of Update	Summary of Changes
NETePay 5	PA-DSS 2.0 Implementation Guide	29 April 2013	Document Creation for PA-DSS 2.0 - Version 1.00
NETePay 5	PA-DSS 2.0 Implementation Guide	18 Mar 2014	Annual Review – No Updates - Version 1.00
NETePay 5	PA-DSS 2.0 Implementation Guide	12 Nov 2014	Revised Application Description – Version 1.01
NETePay 5	PA-DSS 3.1 Implementation Guide	24 Sept 2015	Document Update for PA-DSS 3.1 – Version 1.01
NETePay 5	PA-DSS 3.1 Implementation Guide	02 Aug 2016	Annual Review – No Updates - Version 1.01
NETePay 5	PA-DSS 3.1 Implementation Guide	08 Jan 2017	Document for Update – Windows Service Support - Version 1.02
NETePay 5	PA-DSS 3.2 Implementation Guide	15 Jun 2017	Document Update for PA-DSS 3.2 – Version 1.03

Revision Information

Note: This PA-DSS Implementation Guide must be reviewed on a yearly basis, whenever the underlying application changes or whenever the PA-DSS requirements change. Updates should be tracked and reasonable accommodations should be made to distribute or make the updated guide available to users. Datacap Systems Inc. will distribute the IG to new customers as a file included with the software distribution and via Datacap's website.

Executive Summary

NETePay 5 Version 5.07.XX has been Payment Application - Data Security Standard (PA-DSS) validated, in accordance with PA-DSS Version 3.2. For the PA-DSS assessment, we worked with the following PCI SSC approved Payment Application Qualified Security Assessor (PAQSA):

•		
C 🚯 A L F I R E.	Coalfire Systems, Inc.	Coalfire Systems, Inc.
	11000 Westmoor Circle, Suite	1633 Westlake Ave N #100
	450, Westminster, CO 80021	Seattle, WA 98109

This document also explains the Payment Card Industry (PCI) initiative and the Payment Application Data Security Standard (PA-DSS) guidelines. The document then provides specific installation, configuration, and ongoing management best practices for using Datacap Systems Inc.'s NETePay 5 Version 5.07.XX as a PA-DSS validated Application operating in a PCI DSS compliant environment.

PCI Security Standards Council Reference Documents

The following documents provide additional detail surrounding the PCI SSC and related security programs (PA-DSS, PCI DSS, etc):

- Payment Card Industry Payment Applications Data Security Standard (PCI PA-DSS)
- Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS)
- Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP)
- Center for Internet Security (CIS) Benchmarks (used for OS Hardening)

Application Summary

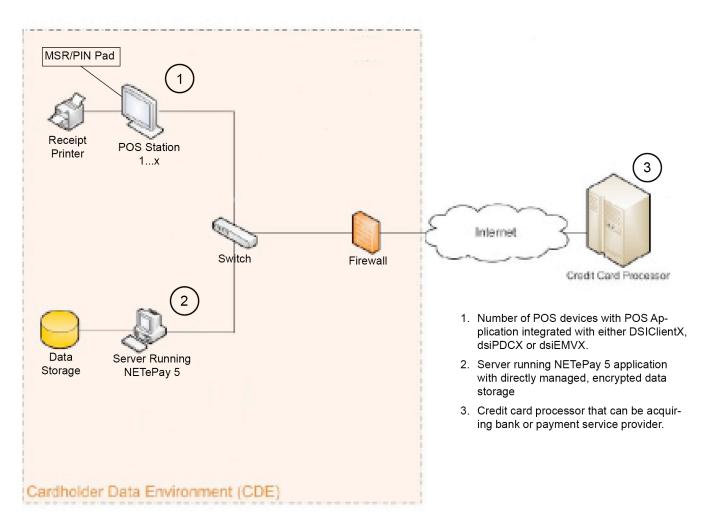
Payment Application Name	NET	ePay 5		Payment Application Version	5.07.XX		
	NETePay is client-server based payment middleware designed to integrate with POS systems needing payment capabilities for a wide variety of transaction types, markets and processing providers.						
	NETePay 5 is an application that resides on a server that monitors encrypted transaction requests from client machines using a POS or restaurant application integrated with DSIClientX, dsiPDCX or dsiEMVX Datacap's ActiveX controls.				nt application		
Application Description	using proce	n NETePay 5 receives g DSIClientX, dsiPDC> essor host for approve processor.	<pre>< or dsiE</pre>	MVX, it sends th	ne reque	st directly	y to the payment
	visib type	Pay can remove the ility to cardholder dat of cardholder informa mlined path to achieve	a. By eli ation, NE	minating the ne TePay may pro	ed to ha	ndle, trar	nsmit or store any
Typical Role of Application	to er	ePay 5 is payment mi nable secure payment O industry segments.	s via the				
	Tar	get Market for Paymen	t Applica	tion (check all th	at apply):	
Target Market for	X	Retail	Proc	essors		Gas/O	pil
Payment Application		e-Commerce	X Smal	all/medium merchants			
	X	Others (please speci	cify): Restaurant, MOTO				
	The	following is a brief de	scription	of files and tab	les that	store car	dholder data:
	File or Table Name Description of Stored Card		Stored Cardholder				
Stored Cardholder Data	wher Tabl batch store	/italTNSIP_Host_5_07 re `xxxxxxx' is the Bui l es:	ild desigi		Temporarily: Full track data, card verification codes and values (CAV2, CID, CVC2, CVV2), PINs and PIN blocks		
	Indi	vidual access to ca	rdholde	r data is logge	d as fol	lows:	
	NETePay 5 does not log full text PAN's or expiration dates in any context - only truncated data (i.e. last 4 digits, of PAN's) are recorded. Since NETePay 5 only logs truncated cardholder data, it does not track or record log access activity.			TePay 5 only logs			

	The following are the application-vendor-developed components which comprise the
	payment application:
Components of the	NETePay.exe: Windows desktop application that provides transaction processing services for requests received from DSIClientX, dsiPDCX or dsiEMVX direct to Payment Service Provider using secure protocols over the Internet.
Payment Application	DSIClientX.ocx, dsiPDCX.ocx or dsiEMVX.ocx: Windows ActiveX controls integrated with third party POS software on primary POS terminals that communicate transactions requests securely to NETePay application.
	NETePayService.exe: Windows executable that allows the NETePay 5 application (NETePay.exe) to be optionally started as a service for desktop versions of Windows (excludes Win CE7)
Required Third Party Payment	The following are additional third party <u>payment application</u> components required by the payment application:
Application Software	None
Database Software	The following are database management systems supported by the payment application:
Supported	None
Other Required Third Party	The following are other required third party software components required by the payment application:
Software	None
	The following are Operating Systems supported or required by the payment application:
	Latest Supported Versions of:
	Windows 7 SP1
	Windows 10
	Windows Server 2012 R2
	Windows Server 2016
	Windows Compact Edition 7
Operating System(s)	For Microsoft Windows Compact Edition 7, NETePay 5 on executes on only Datacap proprietary Tran Series hardware which are preloaded with a customized, headless core version Windows CE 7. The Tran models supported are:
Supported	TranServer
	IPTran
	IPTranLT
	TwinTran
	TranCloud
	Tran devices are equipped with Ethernet interfaces for connection to the CDE – they do not support any type of wireless connection directly. The NETePay 5 executable for CE 7 is designed to validate a unique Tran identity built into each hardware example during manufacture. NETePay 5 activation based on the unique ID of each hardware example is required and therefore it cannot be loaded into or execute from any other CE 7 based systems.

Application Authentication	During installation with desktop versions of Windows, NETePay installs an encrypted license file that contains data whereby Datacap knows the product has been successfully activated and therefore is valid to use for processing. The same license file contains the merchant settings. There is no other authentication data required. The license file is encrypted and proprietary to Protection Plus. For Windows CE7 deployments on compatible Tran hardware, the NETePay 5 executable for CE 7 is designed to validate a unique proprietary Tran identity built into each hardware example during manufacture. NETePay 5 activation based on the unique ID of each hardware example is required and therefore it cannot be loaded into or execute from any other CE 7 based systems. NETePay 5 executables loaded to Tran compatible hardware are signed and verified with a VeriSign certificate.				
Application Encryption	Client connections from DSIClientX, dsiPDCX or dsiEMVX to NETePay 5 are validated by an encrypted proprietary process to assure that only a Datacap client can communicate with NETePay. After the client connection is validated, data transfers containing transaction requests are encrypted using a public/private key exchange and RSA full strength 1024 bit keys. Data storage is directly managed from within the NETePay 5 application code on the server where NETePay 5 is installed. Data store encryption is based on unique per- record automatically generated hashed 128bits keys which are used to encrypt the random data using a 3DES 192bit Cipher.				
Application Functionality Supported	Payment Application Functionality (check only one): Automated Fuel POS Kiosk Payment Gateway/Switch Dispenser POS Specialized X Payment Middleware POS Admin POS Suite/General Payment Module POS Face-to-Face/POI Payment Back Office Shopping Cart & Store Front				
Payment Processing Connections:	Windows operating syst client machines using a of DSIClientX, dsiPDCX When NETePay 5 receive using DSIClientX, dsiPD required by the specific host for approval using Internet or VPN. The processing host retu specified secure protoco	em that monitors encrypt POS or restaurant applica or dsiEMVX, Datacap's Ac es an encrypted transaction CX, or dsiEMVX, it transfor payment processor and s the secure protocol specif	ed t ation tive on ro orms ends ied TeP Pay 5	equest from a client machine the request into a format is it directly to the processing by the processor via the ay 5 using the processor's foreformats the response and	one
Description of Listing Versioning Methodology	 NETePay 5 versioning has three levels, Major, Minor, and Build: Major changes include significant changes to the application and would have an impact on PA-DSS requirements. 				

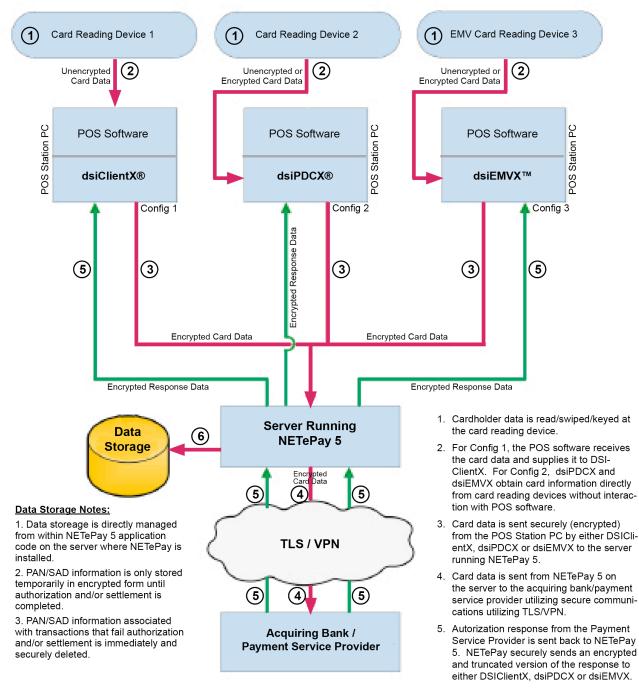
 Minor changes include small changes such as minor enhancements and may or may not have an impact on PA-DSS requirements.
• Build changes include bug fixes or rollups and would have no negative impact on PA-DSS requirements and are indicated by the WILDCARD (X).
Based on the above versioning methodology the application version being listed with the PCI SSC is: 5.07.XX

Typical Network Implementation



1. Data Storage is directly managed from within the NETePay 5 application code on the server where NETePay 5 is installed.

Credit/Debit Cardholder Dataflow Diagram



 If the transaction is approved, then NE-TePay 5 securely deletes PAN/SAD data from the data storage.

Notes:

1. DSIClientX, dsiPDCX and dsiEMVX have no persistent data storage capability and never retain any type of cardholder data.

Difference between PCI Compliance and PA-DSS Validation

As a software vendor who develops payment applications, our responsibility is to be "PA-DSS Validated." We have performed an assessment and payment application validation review with our independent assessment firm (PAQSA), to ensure that our platform does conform to industry best practices when handling, managing and storing payment related information.

PA-DSS Version 3.2 is the standard against which Payment Application has been tested, assessed, and validated.

PCI Compliance is then later obtained by the merchant, and is an assessment of your actual server (or hosting) environment called the Cardholder Data Environment (CDE).

Obtaining "PCI Compliance" is the responsibility of you the merchant and your hosting provider, working together, using PCI compliant architecture with proper hardware & software configurations and access control procedures.

The PA-DSS Validation is intended to ensure that NETePay 5 will help you facilitate and maintain PCI Compliance with respect to how the payment application handles user accounts, passwords, encryption, and other payment data related information.

The Payment Card Industry (PCI) has developed security standards for handling cardholder information in a published standard called the PCI Data Security Standard (DSS). The security requirements defined in the DSS apply to all members, merchants, and service providers that store, process, or transmit cardholder data.

The PCI DSS requirements apply to all system components within the payment application environment which is defined as any network device, host, or application included in, or connected to, a network segment where cardholder data is stored, processed or transmitted.

The 12 Requirements of the PCI DSS:

Build and Maintain a Secure Network and Systems

- 1. Install and maintain a firewall configuration to protect cardholder data
- 2. Do not use vendor-supplied defaults for system passwords and other security parameters

Protect Cardholder Data

- 3. Protect stored cardholder data
- 4. Encrypt transmission of cardholder data across open, public networks

Maintain a Vulnerability Management Program

- 5. Protect all systems against malware and regularly update anti-virus software or programs
- 6. Develop and maintain secure systems and applications

Implement Strong Access Control Measures

- 7. Restrict access to cardholder data by business need-to-know
- 8. Identify and authenticate access to system components
- 9. Restrict physical access to cardholder data

Regularly Monitor and Test Networks

- 10. Track and monitor all access to network resources and cardholder data
- 11. Regularly test security systems and processes

Maintain an Information Security Policy

12. Maintain a policy that addresses information security for all personnel

CONSIDERATIONS FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF PAYMENT APPLICATION IN A PCI-COMPLIANT ENVIRONMENT

The following areas must be considered for proper implementation in a PCI-Compliant environment.

- Remove Historical Sensitive Authentication Data
- Handling of Sensitive Authentication Data
- Secure Deletion of Cardholder Data
- All PAN is masked by default
- Cardholder Data Encryption & Key Management
- Removal of Historical Cryptographic Material

Remove Historical Sensitive Authentication Data (PA-DSS 1.1.4)

Previous versions of NETePay 5 did not store sensitive authentication data. Therefore, there is no need for secure deletion of this historical data by the application as required by PA-DSS v3.2.

Handling of Sensitive Authentication Data (PA-DSS 1.1.5)

NETePay 5 temporarily stores Sensitive Authentication Data to enable off-line operation when network connectivity to the payment processing provider is unavailable. When network communications are restored, transactions are processed and all associated SAD is immediately and securely deleted. The following guidelines are followed when dealing with Sensitive Authentication Data used for pre-authorization (swipe data, validation values or codes, PIN or PIN block data):

- NETePay 5 temporarily stores sensitive authentication data only when needed to provide off-line processing capability when network connectivity to the payment processing provider is unavailable. NETePay 5 collects only the minimum sensitive authentication data required to process off-line transactions when network communications are restored to the payment processing provider. Upon re-establishing network communications, all off-line transactions are processed and all associated sensitive authentication data is immediately and securely deleted. In the event that network connectivity cannot be established within 48 hours of the time that sensitive authentication data is collected for an unprocessed transaction, the associated sensitive authentication data is automatically and securely deleted.
- Sensitive authentication data is only stored in specific, known locations with limited access. NETePay 5 implements file handling and management internally and does not use an external database system. Sensitive authentication data is stored in a single file installed on the same computer by NETePay 5 which contains the equivalent of three tables.
 - **File:** DSIVitalTNSIP_Host_5_07_xxxxxx.db

where 'xxxxxx' is the Build designation

Tables: batch store_and_forward store_and_forward_detail

NETePay always stores sensitive authentication data in its tables in encrypted and/or truncated form.

• NETePay 5 collects only the minimum amount of sensitive authentication data required to successfully process a particular type of transaction.

- NETePay always stores sensitive authentication data in encrypted and/or truncated form. The NETePay encryption starts by generating a unique session code based on an encrypted license file and other version specific data. Encryption starts by taking this value and hashing it using SHA hashing algorithm and then using the hash to generate a 128-bit key and then destroys the hash in memory. NETePay 5 then uses the generated key to encrypt the sensitive authentication data using a 3DES 192bit cipher.
- NETePay 5 securely deletes (SAD) sensitive authentication data immediately after use by masking it completely with 'X's and re-encrypting the data. PAN data is masked with X's in all but the last 4 positions wherever stored or displayed.

We strongly recommend that you do not store Sensitive Authentication Data for any reason. However, if you should do so, the following guidelines must be followed when dealing with Sensitive Authentication Data used for preauthorization (swipe data, validation values or codes, PIN or PIN block data).

- Collect sensitive authentication data only when needed to solve a specific problem
- Store such data only in specific, known locations with limited access
- Collect only the limited amount of data needed to solve a specific problem
- Encrypt sensitive authentication data while stored
- Securely delete such data immediately after use

Secure Deletion of Cardholder Data (PA-DSS 2.1)

NETePay 5 does not permanently store cardholder data and therefore there is no data to be purged by the application as required by PA-DSS v3.2.

Any cardholder data you store outside of the application must be documented and you must define a retention period at which time you will securely delete (render irretrievable) the stored cardholder data. When defining a retention period you must take into account legal, regulatory, or business purpose.

All underlying software (this includes operating systems and/or database systems) must be configured to prevent the inadvertent capture of PAN. Instructions for configuring the underlying operating systems and/or databases can be found in **Appendix A**.

All PAN is Masked by Default (PA-DSS 2.2)

NETePay 5 does not have the ability to display full PAN for any reason and therefore there is no configuration details to be provided as required for PA-DSS v3.2. PAN data is masked with X's in all but the last 4 positions wherever stored or displayed.

Cardholder Data Encryption & Key Management (PA-DSS 2.3, 2.4, and 2.5)

NETePay 5 does temporarily store cardholder data and does not have the ability to output PAN data for storage outside of the payment application. NETePay 5 uses an encryption methodology with dynamically generated keys to automatically encrypt all locations/methods where cardholder data is stored.

NETePay 5 does not output PAN for use or storage in a merchant's environment for any reason, therefore there are no location or configuration details to provide as required by PA-DSS v3.2. NETePay 5 does not have a debugging mode that could write PAN to debugging logs.

The following key management functions are performed automatically by NETePay 5 using 3DES 192bit dynamic encryption key methodology and there are no key custodians or intervention required by customers or resellers/integrators.

- Generation of strong cryptographic keys.
- Secure cryptographic key distribution.
- Secure cryptographic key storage.
- Cryptographic key changes for keys that have reached the end of their cryptoperiod.
- Retire or replace keys when the integrity of the key has been weakened and/or when known or suspected compromise. If retired or replaced cryptographic keys are retained, the application cannot use these keys for encryption operations.
- Manual clear-text cryptographic key-management procedures require split knowledge and dual control of keys.
- Prevention of unauthorized substitution of cryptographic keys.

Removal of Historical Cryptographic Material (PA-DSS 2.6)

NETePay 5 has the following versions that previously encrypted cardholder data:

- Version 5.00
- Version 5.05
- Version 5.06
- NETePay 5 uses previously validated encryption algorithms that are PCI compliant. Therefore there is no need to render historical cryptographic keys irretrievable as they are still in use by the payment application.

Set up Strong Access Controls (3.1 and 3.2)

The PCI DSS requires that access to all systems in the payment processing environment be protected through use of unique users and complex passwords. Unique user accounts indicate that every account used is associated with an individual user and/or process with no use of generic group accounts used by more than one user or process. Authentication credentials are not generated or managed by the payment application. Instead, authentication credentials used by the payment application are provided by the Windows operating system. To maintain PCI DSS compliance the following 11 points must be followed per the PCI DSS:

- You must not use or require the use of default administrative accounts for other necessary or required software (for example, database default administrative accounts) (PCI DSS 2.1 / PA-DSS 3.1.1)
- You must assign unique IDs for all user accounts. (PCI DSS 8.1.1 / PA-DSS 3.1.3). NETePay 5 does not support user account access directly; a Windows Group access policy should be established as indicated below.

- You must provide at least one of the following three methods to authenticate users: (PCI DSS 8.2 / PA-DSS 3.1.4). *NETePay 5 does not support user account access directly; a Windows Group access policy should be established as indicated below.*
 - a. Something you know, such as a password or passphrase
 - b. Something you have, such as a token device or smart card
 - c. Something you are, such as a biometric
- You must NOT require or use any group, shared, or generic accounts and passwords (PCI DSS 8.5 / PA-DSS 3.1.5). *NETePay 5 does not support user account access directly; a Windows Group access policy should be established as indicated below.*
- You must configure passwords must to be at least 7 characters and includes both numeric and alphabetic characters (PCI DSS 8.2.3 / PA-DSS 3.1.6). *NETePay 5 does not support user account access directly; a Windows Group access policy should be established as indicated below.*
- You must configure passwords to be changed at least every 90 days (PCI DSS 8.2.4 / PA-DSS 3.1.7). *NETePay 5 does not support user account access directly; a Windows Group access policy should be established as indicated below.*
- You must configure passwords so that password history is kept and requires that a new password is different than any of the last four passwords used (PCI DSS 8.2.5 / PA-DSS 3.1.8). *NETePay 5 does not support user account access directly; a Windows Group access policy should be established as indicated below.*
- The payment application limits repeated access attempts by locking out the user account after not more than six logon attempts (PCI DSS 8.1.6 / PA-DSS 3.1.9). *NETePay 5 does not support user account access directly; a Windows Group access policy should be established as indicated below.*
- The payment application sets the lockout duration to a minimum of 30 minutes or until an administrator enables the user ID. (PCI DSS 8.1.7 / PA-DSS 3.1.10). *NETePay 5 does not support user account access directly; a Windows Group access policy should be established as indicated below.*
- The payment application requires the user to re-authenticate to re-activate the session if the application session has been idle for more than 15 minutes. (PCI DSS 8.1.8 / PA-DSS 3.1.11). *NETePay 5 does not support user account access directly; a Windows Group access policy should be established as indicated below.*

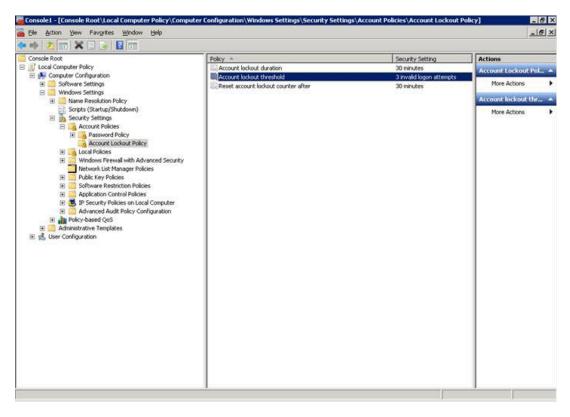
Establishing a Windows Secure Group Access Policy

Users should configure a Windows secure group access policy on the machine on which NETePay 5 is installed.

Your Windows operating system environment must be modified to comply with the above requirements. Access these settings by going to Start/Run and type MMC. Add the snap-in for Group Policy Editor and change the security settings as shown below. Under Account Policies select Password Policy and change the settings to the recommended settings shown to enforce password history, password age, password complexity and password encryption:

Console Root	Policy -	Security Setting	Actions	-
Corel Computer Policy Computer Configuration Software Settings Software Notices Software Policy Software Policy Software Polices Software Polices Software Settings Software Polices Software Police Software Police	Enforce password history Maximum password age Merimum password age Merimum password length Password must meet complexity requirements Store passwords using revensible encryption	12 passwords remembered 30 days 25 days 12 characters Enabled Enabled	Password Policy Nore Actors Store passwords or More Actors	,
 ■ Administrative Templates ■ Administrative Templates ■ Administrative Templates ■ Administrative Templates 				

In addition to setting the password duration and complexity, you should also change the default settings for account lockout policy as shown below. The account should be locked out after three invalid login attempts for a minimum of 30 minutes:



Local client machines or desktops must be configured to have a screen saver that is password protected that will be enabled if the system sits idle for 15 minutes:

🖉 Screen Saver Settings	×
Screen Saver	
Windows7	
••	
Screen saver	
3D Text Settings Preview	
Wait: 15 minutes 🗸 On <u>r</u> esume, display logon screen	
Power management	
Conserve energy or maximize performance by adjusting display	
brightness and other power settings.	
Change power settings	
OK Cancel Apply	

You must assign strong passwords to any default accounts (even if they won't be used), and then disable or do not use the accounts.

These same account and password criteria from the above requirements must also be applied to any applications or databases included in payment processing to be PCI compliant.

[Note: These password controls are not intended to apply to employees who only have access to one card number at a time to facilitate a single transaction. These controls are applicable for access by employees with administrative capabilities, for access to systems with cardholder data, and for access controlled by the application.

The requirements apply to the payment application and all associated tools used to view or access cardholder data.]

PA-DSS 3.2: Control access, via unique username and PCI-DSS compliant complex passwords, to an PC's or servers with payment applications and databases storing cardholder data.

Properly Train and Monitor Admin Personnel

It is your responsibility to institute proper personnel management techniques for allowing admin user access to cardholder data, site data, etc. You can control whether each individual admin user can see credit card PAN (or only last 4).

In most systems, a security breach is the result of unethical personnel. So pay special attention to whom you trust into your admin site and who you allow to view full decrypted and unmasked payment information.

Log settings must be compliant (PA-DSS 4.1.b, 4.4.b)

4.1.b: NETePay 5 has PA-DSS compliant logging enabled by default. This logging is not configurable and may not be disabled. <u>Disabling or subverting the logging function of NETePay 5 in any way will result in non-compliance with PCI DSS.</u>

4.4.b: <u>NETePay 5</u> facilitates centralized logging.

The NETePay 5 application records logs of all activity initiated by a DSIClientX, dsiPDCX or dsiEMVX clients. The logs do not record any sensitive cardholder information. Only truncated PAN's and truncated expiration dates are included in the logs. The log files are in the following location on the install volume:

/Program Files/Datacap Systems/NETePay/DATACAP LOGS

NETePay 5 application log files are recorded by date in individual ASCII files named as follows:

DSIMMDDYYYY.log

Where MM = Month, DD = Day and YYYY = Year.

NETePayService.exe records its own log in addition to the NETePay application logs. This log records when the NETePay application was started/stopped as a service and the service account used. The NETePay service log files are written in the same install volume location as the NETePay 5 application logs.

NETePayService log files are recorded by date in individual ASCII files named as follows:

SERVICE DSIMMDDYYYY.log

Where MM = Month, DD = Day and YYYY = Year.

The format of the log files is plain text that may be imported into appropriate logging utilities.

PCI-Compliant Wireless settings (PA-DSS 6.1.a and 6.2.b)

NETePay 5 <u>does not</u> support wireless technologies. However, should the merchant implement wireless access within the cardholder data environment, the following guidelines for secure wireless settings must be followed per PCI Data Security Standard 1.2.3, 2.1.1 and 4.1.1:

2.1.1: Change wireless vendor defaults per the following 5 points:

- Encryption keys must be changed from default at installation, and must be changed anytime anyone with knowledge of the keys leaves the company or changes positions
- Default SNMP community strings on wireless devices must be changed <
- · Default passwords/passphrases on access points must be changed
- Firmware on wireless devices must be updated to support strong encryption for authentication and transmission over wireless networks
- Other security-related wireless vendor defaults, if applicable, must be changed

1.2.3: Perimeter firewalls must be installed between any wireless networks and systems that store cardholder data, and these firewalls must deny or control (if such traffic is necessary for business purposes) any traffic from the wireless environment into the cardholder data environment.

4.1.1: Industry best practices (for example, IEEE 802.11.i) must be used to implement strong encryption for authentication and transmission of cardholder data.

Note: The use of WEP as a security control was prohibited as of June 30, 2010.

Services and Protocols (PA-DSS 8.2.c)

NETePay 5 does not require the use of any insecure services or protocols. Here are the services and protocols that NETePay 5 does require:

NETePay requires and supports TLS 1.2 and will automatically use the most secure version supported by the payment processing service.

NETePay 5 must be installed on a Windows desktop system that supports TLS 1.2. These secure protocols must be enabled in order for use by the Windows Crypto library. If necessary, users should enable these protocols in IE (which will apply the appropriate registry settings). Versions of Windows Compact 7 installed on Tran hardware support only TLS 1.2.

Never store cardholder data on internet-accessible systems (PA-DSS 9.1.c)

Never store cardholder data on Internet-accessible systems (e.g., web server and database server must not be on same server.)

PCI-Compliant Remote Access (10.1)

The PCI standard requires that if employees, administrators, or vendors are granted remote access to the payment processing environment; access should be authenticated using a two-factor authentication mechanism. The means two of the following three authentication methods must be used:

- 1. Something you know, such as a password or passphrase
- 2. Something you have, such as a token device or smart card
- 3. Something you are, such as a biometric

NETePay 5 does not natively support any remote access functionality. NETePay 5 supports most types of twofactor remote solutions and does not require any specific one to be used. All two-factor vendor guidance should be followed to use that technology correctly and you should choose one that clearly uses to of the above. No configuration of NETePay 5 is required to accomplish this.

PCI-Compliant Delivery of Updates (PA-DSS 10.2.1.a, 7.2.3)

NETePay 5 delivers patches and updates in a secure manner:

Any NETePay 5 application updates needed to address security issues are released as a new full installation package in the form of a self-extracting installer which is code signed with a VeriSign certificate.

NETePay 5 incorporates an automatic update function which periodically and automatically checks Datacap's website using HTTPS to determine if an update is available. During installation, desktop Windows versions of NETePay 5 may be configured to automatically install updates without user intervention as they become available from Datacap or install updates based on user input to permit installation as conditions allow. Users who defer a prompted update are prompted again when NETePay is relaunched.

In addition, Datacap will notify users of the availability and advisability of installing updated applications via email and its website and will supply a download link to obtain the updated application installer if the user requires.

Once we identify a relevant vulnerability, we work to develop & test a patch that helps protect NETePay 5 against the specific, new vulnerability. We attempt to publish a patch within 10 days of the identification of the vulnerability. We will then contact vendors and dealers to encourage them to install the patch. Typically, merchants are expected to respond quickly to and install available patches within 30 days.

As a development company, we keep abreast of the relevant security concerns and vulnerabilities in our area of development and expertise.

Our continuing security education activities are comprised of the following:

• Attendance at Coalfire (and other) Security Seminars

Datacap underwrites attendance of development personnel at appropriate security seminars. Emphasis is on Coalfire content and presentation because of the their emphasis on PCI-DSS and PA-DSS security issues. However, relevant presentations by other businesses or organizations, such as Microsoft, with expertise in application security are regularly considered.

Encourage recommendations for technical library purchases on security subjects

Datacap encourages all members of the technical staff to select, review and recommend purchase by the company of relevant books (and other printed or electronic materials) for inclusion in the company's permanent reference collection. Recommended purchases are discussed among staff members at regular and informal meetings for their relevance and usefulness.

• Regular review of OWASP (Open Web Application Security Project) website

Datacap encourages all members of the technical staff to regularly visit the website of the Open Web Application Security Project at <u>www.owasp.org</u>. Particular attention to the Columns and Papers sections is encouraged to provide current perspectives on trends and issues in application security.

• Regular review of US-CERT Current Activity

Datacap encourages all members of the technical staff to regularly visit the website of US-CERT (United States Computer Emergency Readiness Team) at (<u>http://www.us-cert.gov/current/</u>) to monitor potential threats to security. Review of this website is encouraged for all members of the technical staff weekly for relevance to NETePay security.

• Regular review of SecurityTracker Weekly Vulnerability Summary Newsletter

Datacap subscribes to SecurityTracker's Weekly Vulnerability Summary Newsletter (security) and encourages all members of the technical staff to review updates weekly for relevance to NETePay security.

PCI-Compliant Remote Access (10.2.3.a)

NETePay 5 does not natively support any remote access functionality.

The PCI standard requires that if employees, administrators, or vendors are granted remote access to the payment processing environment; access should be authenticated using a two-factor authentication mechanism (username/ password and an additional authentication item such as a token or certificate).

In the case of vendor remote access accounts, in addition to the standard access controls, vendor accounts should only be active while access is required to provide service. Access rights should include only the access rights required for the service rendered, and should be robustly audited.

If users and hosts within the payment application environment may need to use third-party remote access software such as Remote Desktop (RDP)/Terminal Server, PCAnywhere, etc. to access other hosts within the payment processing environment, special care must be taken.

In order to be compliant, every such session must be encrypted with at least 128-bit encryption (in addition to satisfying the requirement for two-factor authentication required for users connecting from outside the payment processing environment). For RDP/Terminal Services, this means using the high encryption setting on the server, and for PCAnywhere, it means using symmetric or public key options for encryption. Additionally, the PCI user account and password requirements will apply to these access methods as well.

When requesting support from a vendor, reseller, or integrator, customers are advised to take the following precautions:

• Change default settings (such as usernames and passwords) on remote access software (e.g. VNC)

- Allow connections only from specific IP and/or MAC addresses
- Use strong authentication and complex passwords for logins according to PA-DSS 3.1.1 3.1.10 and PCI DSS 8.1, 8.3, and 8.5.8-8.5.15
- Enable encrypted data transmission according to PA-DSS 12.1 and PCI DSS 4.1
- Enable account lockouts after a certain number of failed login attempts according to PA-DSS 3.1.8 and PCI DSS 8.5.13
- Require that remote access take place over a VPN via a firewall as opposed to allowing connections directly from the internet
- Enable logging for auditing purposes
- Restrict access to customer passwords to authorized reseller/integrator personnel.
- Establish customer passwords according to PA-DSS 3.1.1 3.1.10 and PCI DSS Requirements 8.1, 8.2, 8.4, and 8.5.

Data Transport Encryption (PA-DSS 11.1.b)

The PCI DSS requires the use of strong cryptography and encryption techniques with at least a 128 bit encryption strength (either at the transport layer with TLS or IPSEC; or at the data layer with algorithms such as RSA or Triple-DES) to safeguard cardholder data during transmission over public networks (this includes the Internet and Internet accessible DMZ network segments).

You must use strong cryptography and security protocols such as transport layer security (TLS 1.2) and Internet protocol security (IPSEC) to safeguard sensitive cardholder data during transmission over open, public networks. Examples of open, public networks that are in scope of the PCI DSS are:

- The Internet
- Wireless technologies
- Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM)
- General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)

Refer to the Dataflow diagram for an understanding of the flow of encrypted data associated with NETePay 5.

NETePay 5 verifies the certificates of the payment processors it communicates with by verifying certificate ownership, expiration status and the acceptable signing authority.

NETePay 5 programmatically allows only secure versions of PCI-DSS acceptable protocols.

NETePay 5 has no configuration options that allow for a user to choose an improper encryption strength. The application does this programmatically with no user input.

PCI-Compliant Use of End User Messaging Technologies (PA-DSS 11.2.b)

NETePay 5 does not allow or facilitate the sending of PANs via any end user messaging technology (for example, e-mail, instant messaging, and chat).

PCI requires that cardholder information sent via any end user messaging technology must use strong encryption of the data.

Non-console administration and Multi-Factor Authentication (PA-DSS 12.1, 12.2)

Although NETePay 5 does not support non-console administration and we do not recommend using non-console administration, should you ever choose to do this, must use SSH, VPN, or TLS 1.1 or higher for encryption of this non-console administrative access along with a multi-factor authentication solution.

Network Segmentation

The PCI DSS requires that firewall services be used (with NAT or PAT) to segment network segments into logical security domains based on the environmental needs for internet access. Traditionally, this corresponds to the creation of at least a DMZ and a trusted network segment where only authorized, business-justified traffic from the DMZ is allowed to connect to the trusted segment. No direct incoming internet traffic to the trusted application environment can be allowed. Additionally, outbound internet access from the trusted segment must be limited to required and justified ports and services.

• Refer to the standardized Network diagram for an understanding of the flow of encrypted data associated with NETePay 5.

Maintain an Information Security Program

In addition to the preceding security recommendations, a comprehensive approach to assessing and maintaining the security compliance of the payment application environment is necessary to protect the organization and sensitive cardholder data.

The following is a very basic plan every merchant/service provider should adopt in developing and implementing a security policy and program:

- Read the PCI DSS in full and perform a security gap analysis. Identify any gaps between existing practices in your organization and those outlined by the PCI requirements.
- Once the gaps are identified, determine the steps to close the gaps and protect cardholder data. Changes could mean adding new technologies to shore up firewall and perimeter controls, or increasing the logging and archiving procedures associated with transaction data.
- Create an action plan for on-going compliance and assessment.
- Implement, monitor and maintain the plan. Compliance is not a one-time event. Regardless of merchant or service provider level, all entities should complete annual self-assessments using the PCI Self Assessment Questionnaire.
- Call in outside experts as needed.

Application System Configuration

Below are the operating systems and dependent application patch levels and configurations supported and tested for continued PCI DSS compliance.

For desktop/server versions of Microsoft Windows:

- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows Server 2016, Windows 7 SP1, Windows 10, All latest updates and hotfixes should be applied.
- 2 GB of RAM minimum, 4 GB or higher recommended
- 50 GB of available hard-disk space
- TCP/IP network connectivity. (Persistent Internet connection recommended)

For Microsoft Windows Compact Edition 7:

- Datacap supplied Tran Series hardware with preloaded Windows Compact Edition 7
- Tran models supported:
 - TranServer
 - IPTran
 - IPTranLT
 - TwinTran
 - TranCloud

Payment Application Initial Setup & Configuration

For desktop/server versions of Microsoft Windows:

• Installation of NETePay 5 and associated utilities requires Administrator access in Windows. Datacap advises users to change default password and manage Windows passwords according to PCI DSS 3.2

For Microsoft Windows Compact Edition 7:

• Datacap supported Tran Series hardware with preloaded Windows Compact Edition 7

Appendix A: Addressing Inadvertent Capture of PAN Addressing Inadvertent Capture of PAN on WINDOWS 7

Disabling System Restore – Windows 7

- Right Click on Computer > Select "Properties"
- Select "System Protection" on the top left list, the following screen will appear:

System Properties	×
Computer Name Hardware Advanced St	ystem Protection Remote
Use system protection to undo unw restore previous versions of files.	
System Restore	
You can undo system changes by reverting your computer to a previous restore point.	System Restore
Protection Settings	Protection
System (C:) (System)	On
Configure restore settings, manage disk sp and delete restore points.	ace, Configure
Create a restore point right now for the driv have system protection turned on.	res that <u>C</u> reate
OK	Cancel Apply

• Select Configure, the following screen will appear:

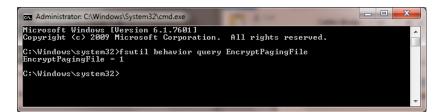
A System Protection for Local Disk (C:)
Restore Settings
System Protection can keep copies of system settings and previous versions of files. Select what you would like to be able to restore:
Restore system settings and previous versions of files
Only restore previous versions of files
Turn off system protection
Disk Space Usage
You can adjust the maximum disk space used for system protection. As space fills up, older restore points will be deleted to make room for new ones.
Current Usage: 7.32 GB
<u>M</u> ax Usage:
5% (7.45 GB)
Delete all restore points (this includes system settings and previous versions of files).
OK Cancel Apply

- Select "Turn off system protection"
- Click apply, and OK to shut the System Protection window
- Click OK again to shut the System Properties window
- Reboot the computer

Encrypting PageFile.sys – Windows 7

* Please note that in order to perform this operation the hard disk must be formatted using NTFS.

- Click on the Windows "Orb" and in the search box type in "cmd".
- Right click on cmd.exe and select "Run as Administrator"
- To Encrypt the Pagefile type the following command: fsutil behavior set EncryptPagingFile 1



• To verify configuration type the following command: fsutil behavior query EncryptPagingFile



- If encryption is enabled EncryptPagingFile = 1 should appear
- In the event you need to disable PageFile encryption type the following command: fsutil behavior set EncryptPagingFile 0



• To verify configuration type the following command: fsutil behavior query EncryptPagingFile



• If encryption is disabled EncryptPagingFile = 0 should appear

Clear the System Pagefile.sys on shutdown

Windows has the ability to clear the Pagefile.sys upon system shutdown. This will purge all temporary data from the pagefile.sys (temporary data may include system and application passwords, cardholder data (PAN/Track), etc.).

NOTE: Enabling this feature may increase windows shutdown time.

- Click on the Windows "Orb" and in the search box type in "regedit".
- Right click on regedit.exe and select "Run as Administrator"
- Navigate to HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Session Manager\Memory Management
- Change the value from 0 to 1
- Click OK and close Regedit

ile Edit Vi	i <mark>tor</mark> iew Favorites Help			
	ServiceGro 🔺	Name	Туре	Data
	ServiceProv	ab (Default)	REG_SZ	(value not set)
	Session Ma	ClearPageFileAt	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
		🕫 DisablePagingEx	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
	Config	ab ExistingPageFiles	REG_MULTI_SZ	\??\C:\pagefile.sys
	DOS De	BLargeSystemCac	REG DWORD	0x00000000 (0)
	Enviror Executi	NonPagedPool		0x0000000 (0)
		NonPagedPoolS		0x0000000 (0)
	I/O Sys	RagedPoolQuota	REG DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
	kernel	10 PagedPoolSize	REG DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
	Known	ab PagingFiles	REG MULTI SZ	?\pagefile.sys
	Memor	BehysicalAddress		0x00000001 (1)
	Power	BecondLevelDat		0x0000000 (0)
	Quota !	BessionPoolSize	REG DWORD	0x00000004 (4)
	SubSys	BessionViewSize	REG DWORD	0x00000030 (48)
	⊳ - 🚺 WPA	3 SystemPages	REG DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
	⊳ - 📙 SNMP 🦳			
		Edit DV	VORD (32-bit) Value	
	⊳ - 🍌 Srp			
	SrpExtensic 🗉	Value		
	🛛 🌗 StillImage	Clear	PageFileAtShutdown	
	Storage	Value	data:	Base
		1		Hexadecimal
	SystemRes			© Decimal
	D TabletPC			
	Description of the second s			OK Cancel
	TimeZoneI			
	🔉 🕒 usbflags 👻			
III	•			nager\Memory Management

- If the value does not exist, add the following:
 - Value Name: ClearPageFileAtShutdown
 - Value Type: REG_DWORD
 - Value: 1

Disabling System Management of PageFile.sys – Windows 7

- Right Click on Computer > Select "Properties"
- Select "Advanced System Settings" on the top left list, the following screen will appear:

S	ystem Properties					
Ļ	Computer Name Hardware Advanced System Protection Remote					
L	You must be logged on as an Administrator to make most of these changes.					
L	Performance					
	Visual effects, processor scheduling, memory usage, and virtual memory					
	Settings					
	User Profiles					
	Desktop settings related to your logon					
	Settings					
H	Startup and Recovery					
H	System startup, system failure, and debugging information					
	Seţtings					
	Environment Variables					
	OK Cancel Apply					

• Under performance select "Settings" and go to the "Advanced" tab, the following screen will appear:

Performance Options
Visual Effects Advanced Data Execution Prevention
Processor scheduling
Choose how to allocate processor resources.
Adjust for best performance of:
Programs O Background services
Virtual memory
A paging file is an area on the hard disk that Windows uses as if it were RAM.
Total paging file size for all drives: 3957 MB
<u>C</u> hange
OK Cancel Apply

• Select "Change" under Virtual Memory, the following screen will appear:

irtual Memory	X				
Automatically manage paging file size for all drives Paging file size for each drive					
Drive [Volume Label]	Paging File Size (MB)				
C:	System managed				
	C: 66905 MB				
Oustom size:					
Initial size (MB);					
Ma <u>x</u> imum size (MB);					
⊚ S <u>v</u> stem managed s	size				
No paging file	<u>S</u> et				
Total paging file size fo	or all drives				
Minimum allowed:					
Recommended:	5935 MB				
Currently allocated:	3957 MB				
	OK Cancel				

- Uncheck "Automatically manage page file size for all drives"
- Select "Custom Size"
- Enter the following for the size selections:
 - Initial Size as a good rule of thumb, the size should be equivalent to the amount of memory in the system.
 - Maximum Size as a good rule of thumb, the size should be equivalent to 2x the amount of memory in the system.
- Click "Ok", "OK", and "OK"
- You will be prompted to reboot your computer.

Disabling Windows Error Reporting – Windows 7

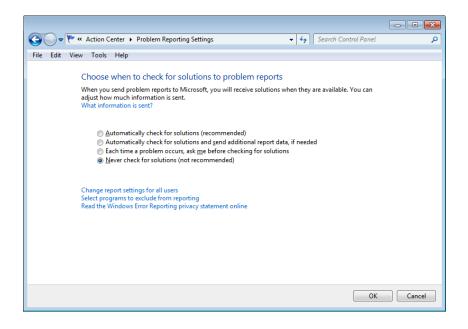
- Open the Control Panel
- Open the Action Center
- Select "Change Action Center Settings"

	E		х	
G V K Control Panel >	All Control Panel Items Action Center		م	
Control Panel Home Change Action Center settings	Review recent messages and resolve problems No issues have been detected by Action Center.			
Change User Account Control settings View archived messages	Security	\checkmark		
View performance information	<u>Maintenance</u>	\checkmark		
	If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these: If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of these If you don't see your problem listed, try one of the see your problem listed, try one your problem listed, try one	o an		
See also Backup and Restore Windows Update Windows Program Compatibility Troubleshooter				

• Select "Problem Reporting Settings"

🚱 🕤 🔻 Kaction Center 🕨 Change Action Center settings	→ 4	 Search Control Panel 	٩
Turn messages on or off For each selected item, Windows will check for proble How does Action Center check for problems	ems and send you a me	essage if problems are found.	-
Security messages			
I Windows Update	👿 Spyware and relat	ted protection	
Internet security settings	Vser Account Cor	ntrol	
Network firewall	Virus protection		E
Maintenance messages			
Windows Backup	🔽 Check for update	·S	
👿 Windows Troubleshooting			
Related settings			
Customer Experience Improvement Program setting	ngs		
Problem reporting settings			-
		OK Cancel	

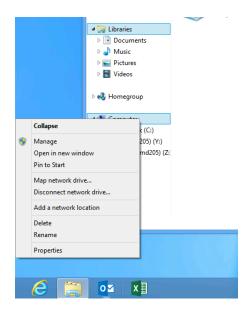
• Select "Never Check for Solutions"



To Address Inadvertent Capture of PAN on Windows 8, 10, Server 2012 or 2016:

1. Disable System Restore – Windows 8, 10, Server 2012 or 2016

Right Click on Computer > Select "Properties":



Select "Advanced System Settings" from the System screen:

12	System
🔄 🄄 ⊤ ↑ 🕎 → Control Pan	el 🔸 All Control Panel Items 🔸 System
Control Panel Home	View basic information about your computer
😯 Device Manager	Windows edition
🛞 Remote settings	Windows 8 Pro
😯 System protection	© 2012 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
💡 Advanced system settings	Get more features with a new edition of Windows
	System

• Select "System Protection" on the top left list, the following screen will appear:

System Properties ×				
Computer Name Hardware Advanced System Protection Remote				
Use system protection to undo unwanted system changes.				
System Restore				
You can undo system changes by reverting your computer to a previous restore point. System Restore				
Protection Settings Available Drives Protection				
Local Disk (C:) (System) On				
Configure restore settings, manage disk space, and delete restore points. Create a restore point right now for the drives that have system protection turned on.				
OK Cancel Apply				

• Select Configure, the following screen will appear:

System Protection for Local Disk (C:)	×			
Restore Settings				
By enabling system protection, you can undo undesired changes by reverting your computer to a previous point in time.				
O Turn on system protection				
Disable system protection				
Disk Space Usage	-			
You can adjust the maximum disk space used for system protection. As space fills up, older restore points will be deleted to make room for new ones.				
Current Usage: 0 bytes				
Max Usage:				
Delete all restore points for this drive. Delete				
OK Cancel Apply				

- Select "Disable system protection"
- Click apply, and OK to shut the System Protection window

- Click OK again to shut the System Properties window
- Reboot the computer

2. Encrypt PageFile.sys – Windows 8, 10, Server 2012 or 2016

Please note that in order to perform this operation the hard disk must be formatted using NTFS.

- From the desktop hold down the "Windows" key and type "F" to bring up the "Search" charm, select "Apps" in the "Apps" box type in "cmd".
- Right click on "Command Prompt" icon located on the left side of your screen, a selection bar will appear at the bottom of the screen, select "Run as Administrator"
- To verify configuration type the following command: fsutil behavior query EncryptPagingFile"



- If encryption is enabled EncryptPagingFile = 1 should appear
- If encryption is disabled EncryptPagingFile = 0 should appear
- To Encrypt the Pagefile type the following command: fsutil behavior set EncryptPagingFile 1



• In the event you need to disable PageFile encryption type the following command: fsutil behavior set EncryptPagingFile 0



3. Clear the System Pagefile.sys on shutdown – Windows 8, 10, Server 2012 or 2016

Windows has the ability to clear the Pagefile.sys upon system shutdown. This will purge all temporary data from the pagefile.sys (temporary data may include system and application passwords, cardholder data (PAN/Track), etc.).

NOTE: Enabling this feature may increase windows shutdown time.

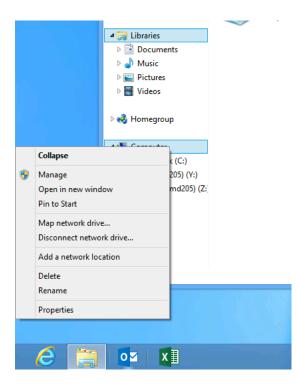
- From the desktop hold down the "Windows" key and type "F" to bring up the "Search" charm, select "Apps" in the "Apps" box type in "regedit".
- Right click on regedit.exe and select "Run as Administrator"
- Navigate to HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Session Manager\Memory Management
- Change the value from 0 to 1 on the "ClearPageFileAtShutdown" DWORD.
- Click OK and close Regedit

💣 Registry Editor	-		
File Edit View Favorites Help			
🔑 ServiceGro 🔺	Name	Туре	Data
ServiceProv	(Default)	REG_SZ	(value not set)
🔺 🍶 Session Ma	🔀 ClearPageFileAt	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
AppCo	👪 DisablePagingEx	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
Configi DOS De	ab ExistingPageFiles	REG_MULTI_SZ	\??\C:\pagefile.sys
Enviror	👪 LargeSystemCac	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
Executi	👪 NonPagedPool	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
FileRen	👪 NonPagedPoolS	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
I/O Sys	👪 PagedPoolQuota	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
	👪 PagedPoolSize	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
	PagingFiles	REG_MULTI_SZ	?\\pagefile.sys
Memor	🕫 PhysicalAddress	REG_DWORD	0x00000001 (1)
Power	🕫 SecondLevelDat	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
	🕫 SessionPoolSize	REG_DWORD	0x0000004 (4)
	🕫 SessionViewSize	REG_DWORD	0x0000030 (48)
⊳- <mark>}</mark> } WPA	👪 SystemPages	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
⊳ - <mark>B</mark> SNMP	(E 17) DM	1000 (22 L 20 M L	
SQMServic	Edit DV	VORD (32-bit) Value	
SrpExtensic	Value	name:	
⊳ - StillImage	Clear	PageFileAtShutdown	
		-	
SystemInfc	Value	data:	Base
> - 📔 SystemRes	1		Hexadecimal
▶ 🚡 TabletPC			O Decimal
🔉 🛺 Terminal S			
TimeZoneI			OK Cancel
🔉 - 퉲 usbflags 👻			
۰ III - ۱			
Computer\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYST	TEM\CurrentControlSet	\Control\Session Mar	nager\Memory Management
The second			

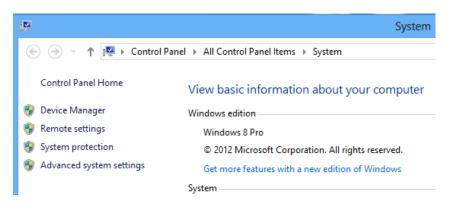
- If the value does not exist, add the following:
 - Value Name: ClearPageFileAtShutdown
 - Value Type: REG_DWORD
 - Value: 1

4. Disable System Management of PageFile.sys – Windows 8, 10, Server 2012 or 2016

• Right Click on Computer > Select "Properties":



• Select "Advanced System Settings" from the System screen:



• Select the "Advanced" tab:

System Properties	х
Computer Name Hardware Advanced System Protection Remote	
You must be logged on as an Administrator to make most of these changes	
Performance	- I
Visual effects, processor scheduling, memory usage, and virtual memory	
Settings	
User Profiles	
Desktop settings related to your sign-in	
Settings	
Startup and Recovery	
System startup, system failure, and debugging information	
Settings	
5	
Environment Variables	
OK Cancel Apply	Į.

• Under performance select "Settings" and go to the "Advanced" tab, the following screen will appear:

Performance Options
Visual Effects Advanced Data Execution Prevention
Processor scheduling Choose how to allocate processor resources.
Adjust for best performance of:
Programs Background services
Virtual memory
A paging file is an area on the hard disk that Windows uses as if it were RAM.
Total paging file size for all drives: 384 MB
Change
OK Cancel Apply

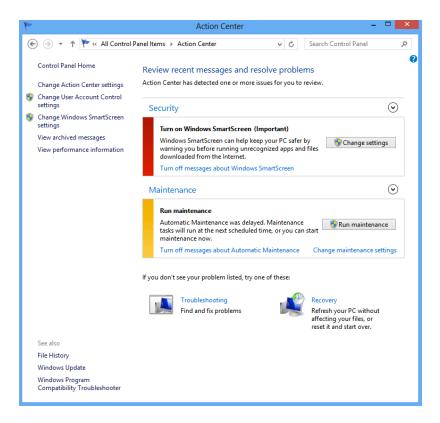
• Select "Change" under Virtual Memory, the following screen will appear:

١	/irtual Memory	×
Automatically mana Paging file size for eac Drive [Volume Label]	ge paging file size for all drives th drive Paging File Size (MB)	
C:	System manag	
percessa annor	C: 35129 MB	
Custom size: Initial size (MB):		
Maximum size (MB);		
System managed	size	
No paging file		Set
Total paging file size f	or all drives	
	16 MB	
Recommended: Currently allocated:	2047 MB 384 MB	
	ОК	Cancel

- Uncheck "Automatically manage page file size for all drives"
- Select "Custom Size"
- Enter the following for the size selections:
 - Initial Size as a good rule of thumb, the size should be equivalent to the amount of memory in the system.
 - Maximum Size as a good rule of thumb, the size should be equivalent to 2x the amount of memory in the system.
- Click "Ok", "OK", and "OK"
- You will be prompted to reboot your computer.

5. Disable Windows Error Reporting – Windows 8, 10, Server 2012 or 2016

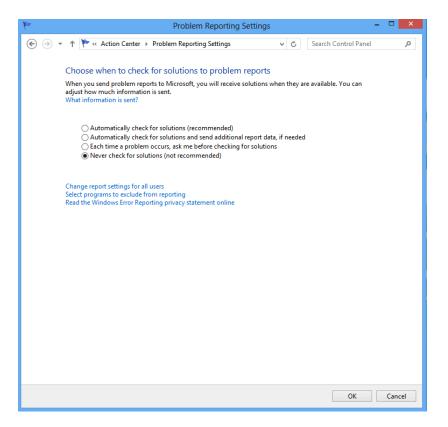
- From the desktop hold down the "Windows" key and type "I" to bring up the "Settings" charm, select "Control Panel".
- Open the Action Center
- Select "Change Action Center Settings":



• Select "Problem Reporting Settings":

Þ	Change Action Cer	nter settings –	□ ×
€ ∋ - ↑	🚩 ≪ Action Center → Change Action Center settin	gs v 🖒 Search Control Panel	Q
	Turn messages on or off For each selected item, Windows will check for proble How does Action Center check for problems Security messages	ms and send you a message if problems are found.	
	✓ Windows Update	Spyware and unwanted software protection	
	✓ Internet security settings	✓ User Account Control	
	✓ Network firewall	✓ Virus protection	
	✓ Microsoft account	✓ SmartScreen	
	✓ Windows activation		
	Maintenance messages		
	✓ Windows Backup	 Windows Troubleshooting 	
	 Automatic Maintenance 	✓ HomeGroup	
	✓ Drive status	✓ File History	
	 Device software 	✓ Storage Spaces	
	✓ Startup apps		
	Related settings		
	Customer Experience Improvement Program settir	ngs	
	Problem reporting settings		
	Windows Update settings		
		OK Cancel	

• Select "Never Check for Solutions":



• Select "OK" twice and then close Action Center.

Any cardholder data you store outside of the application must be documented and you must define a retention period at which time you will purge (render irretrievable) the stored cardholder data.

INSTALLATION

Introduction

This chapter explains how to install and configure the following NETePay components.

- NETePay
- DSIClientX or dsiPDCX or dsiEMVX
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 (or later) with High Encryption

You will need to install all the components on the server.

Each client machine will require one of either *DSIClientX or dsiPDCX or dsiEMVX* to be installed.

If you are using version 5.1 (or later) of Microsoft Internet Explorer that already has high encryption, installation of Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 (or later) with High Encryption is optional. If you are using a version prior to 5.1, you must upgrade your Internet Explorer installation.

Requirements

Baseline System Configuration

To successfully install and run *NETePay* on your server, it should meet or exceed the following system requirements:

- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows Server 2016, Windows 7 SP1, or Windows 10. All latest service packs, updates and hotfixes must be applied. *Refer to Chapter 2 PA-DSS 3.2 Implementation Guide for complete instructions for PCI compliant installation.*
- 4 GB of RAM minimum, 8 GB or higher recommended
- 50 GB of available hard-disk space
- Microsoft Internet Explorer with 128-bit encryption, Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher recommended
- TCP/IP network connectivity.
- Available COM port (if using dial backup or dial primary communications)
- Datacap DialLink modem (if using dial backup or dial primary communications)
- Persistent Internet Connection (DSL, cable, frame relay, etc.)

Network Requirements

- Before installing *NETePay* or any of its components, you should know the names and IP addresses of the servers receiving transactions. For remote servers or enterprise systems, it may be necessary to contact your network administrator or your merchant service provider
- You should also make port 9000 on the *NETePay* server available for incoming traffic if you are behind a firewall and connected to the default port.

Installation Procedures

Downloading the NETePay Software

All components required for a NETePay 5 installation are available for download from Datacap's Software Download website at:

http://www.datacapepay.com

After agreeing with the Terms of Use, from the **Client Controls** section, select the appropriate ActiveX client for your installation (**DSIClientX or dsiPDCX**). Then from the **NETePay 5.0** section, select the appropriate NETePay 5 from the list. Each download is an automatic self-extracting installer, just double click to install each required component and follow on-screen instructions.

Note: After installation, your copy of NETePay 5 must be activated before it can be used to process transactions. Chapter 4 details the steps for activation.

What's Included in the NETePay Installer Package

Note: Before you begin installing *NETePay* and its components, you should close all unnecessary programs and disable any anti-virus software.

The *NETePay* installer package is supplied as a self-extracting executable and includes the NETePay server application for Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10, Windows Server 2008 or Windows Server 2012 operating systems for both single and multi-pay point users.

- **DSIClientX, dsiPDCX** XML ActiveX controls downloaded separately integrate into a Point of Sale or Restaurant application and sends encrypted payment authorization requests from client machines on a LAN to *NETePay* for processing. <u>Which ActiveX</u> client to install depends upon the requirements of your processor and/or POS software <u>vendor</u>. DSIClientX is an in-scope client control that allows the POS software to manage cardholder data. (*DSIClientX* also includes a utility program to enter payment transactions) dsiPDCX is an out-of-scope client control that manages payment peripherals.
- You must be logged in as an 'Administrator' to install NETePay and all of it's components. Installations performed when logged on as another user with rights less than 'Administrator' will not operate correctly.

Installing/Upgrading Microsoft Internet Explorer

NETePay uses Windows encryption services and requires that Internet Explorer with 128 bit encryption strength be installed on each system in the LAN. If needed, you must install or upgrade your server and each computer on the LAN with a version of Microsoft Internet Explorer that supports 128-bit encryption.

If needed, use the Windows Update on each PC to upgrade an existing version of IE to one that supports at least 128 bit encryption.

Installing NETePay (Required)

Note: You must be logged in as an 'Administrator' to install NETePay and <u>all</u> of it's <i>components. Installations performed when logged on as another user with rights less than 'Administrator' will not operate correctly.

To install the NETePay Server software:

- 1. Open the NETePay Server folder on the *NETePay* CD-ROM and double-click **setup** (or setup.exe).
- 2. The installation wizard will start. When the Welcome screen appears, click Next.
- 3. Read and accept the End User License agreement and click Next.
- 4. Enter your **User Name** and **Organization**. If available on your operating system, make the application available to all users.
- 5. Click **Next**, then click **Install**. The installation wizard will then begin installing the necessary files on your computer.
- 6. Click **Finish** to complete the installation. A pop-up message will then appear and inform you to restart the computer.
- 7. Click Yes to restart the computer. *It is very important to restart at this time to avoid configuration problems!*
- *Note:* Terminal based versions of the NETePay will also install a Database Manager utility in the Software from Datacap program group.

Installing a client control (DSIClientX or dsiPDCX) (As Required)

To install **DSIClientX** (includes the DSIClient Transaction Utility):

- 1. Separately download the *DSIClientX* installer and double-click the **exe** to start installation.
- 2. The installation wizard will start. When the Welcome screen appears, click Next.
- 3. Read and accept the End User License agreement and click Next.
- 4. Read the notes pertaining to *DSIClient* installation and click Next.
- 5. Enter your User Name and Organization.

If available on your operating system, make the application available to all users.

- 6. Click **Next**, then click **Install**. The installation wizard will then begin installing the necessary files on your computer.
- 7. Click **Finish** to complete the installation. A pop-up message will then appear and inform you to restart the computer.
- 8. Click **Yes** to restart the computer.

To install *dsiPDCX*:

- 1. Separately download the *dsiPDCX* installer and double-click the exe to start installation.
- 2. The installation wizard will start. When the Welcome screen appears, click Next.
- 3. Read and accept the End User License agreement and click Next.
- 4. Read the notes pertaining to *dsiPDCX* installation and click Next.
- 5. Enter your User Name and Organization.

If available on your operating system, make the application available to all users.

- 6. Click **Next**, then click **Install**. The installation wizard will then begin installing the necessary files on your computer.
- 7. Click **Finish** to complete the installation. A pop-up message will then appear and inform you to restart the computer.
- 8. Click Yes to restart the computer.

Installing Datacap DialLink modem (Required for Dial Operations)

Note: To use the dial capabilities of NETePay (either as backup or primary communications), a Datacap DialLink modem (not a DataTran) must be attached to an available COM port on the PC.

To install the Datacap DialLink modem for NETePay:

- 1. Connect the uDIN8 connector of the interface cable to the Datacap DialLink modem PC/ECR port.
- 2. Connect the DB9 end of the interface cable to the intended COM port on the PC.
- 3. Connect one end of the RJ11 cable to the TELCO connector on the Datacap DialLink modem.
- 4. Connect the other end of the RJ11 cable to a working phone line jack. No other devices should be connected to this phone line and plain old telephone service (POTS) line is best
- 5. Connect the transformer to the POWER connector on the Datacap DialLink modem.
- 6. Plug the transformer into a suitable 110VAC outlet. It is strongly recommended that a surge protector be used with the Datacap DialLink modem.

Installing DSIClient Application (Conditional)

Note: You must be logged in as an 'Administrator' to install NETePay and <u>all</u> of it's <i>components. Installations performed when logged on as another user with rights less than 'Administrator' will not operate correctly.

The DSIClient application provides (separately downloadable) a convenient means to test operation of the NETePay server and the store LAN configuration. It is not suitable for normal transaction processing since it does not print drafts or receipts. Your POS system should be used for normal transaction processing through NETePay.

Important Note:

The *DSIClient application* is included with the DSIClientX ActiveX control. If your POS system installs the DSIClientX ActiveX control, then installation of the DSIClient application is optional;

To install the DSIClient application (includes the DSIClientX ActiveX control):

- 1. Separately download the *DSIClient* installer and double-click the **exe** to start installation.
- 2. The installation wizard will start. When the Welcome screen appears, click Next.
- 3. Read and accept the End User License agreement and click Next.
- 4. Read the notes pertaining to *DSIClient* installation and click Next.
- 5. Enter your User Name and Organization.
- 6. If the option is available, make the application available to all users.
- 7. To begin installing the necessary files on your computer, click Next, then click Install.
- 8. To complete the installation process, click **Finish**. A pop-up message will then appear and inform you to restart the computer.
- 9. Click **Yes** to restart the computer.

NETePay CONFIGURATION

Introduction

This chapter explains how to activate and configure NETePay 5.0 for use.

NETePay is activated and programmed over the Internet so a working Internet connection is required for the process.

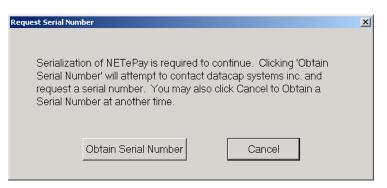
Note

Firewalls, routers or other systems which can block IP network traffic must allow NETePay to accept traffic on port 9000.

NETePay must complete two actions on the Internet before it is ready to process transactions. The first is to obtain a license file from Datacap's PSCS (Payment Systems Configuration Server) system. The second is to retrieve merchant parameters from Datacap's PSCS server.

Activation and Parameter Download

1. On the first program launch after installation, *NETePay* must obtain a license file over the Internet from Datacap's PSCS (Payment Systems Configuration Server) system. When NETePay detects that a serial number is required, it presents the following dialog:



Click 'Obtain Serial Number' to enable NETePay to contact PSCS for a serial number.

2. If NETePay is unsuccessful in obtaining a serial number, it will present the following dialog:

	×
<u>.</u>	Successful Serialization is Necesssary to Continue - Application cannot start.
	ОК

Click 'OK' and NETePay will close. Failure to successfully obtain a serial number means that NETePay was not able to contact Datacap's PSCS server over the Internet to obtain a serial number. Assure that the Internet connection is operating properly by using the default web browser on the machine where NETePay is installed to contact <u>www.datacapsystems.com</u>. If you are successful in contacting Datacap's website, close the browser, restart NETePay and click 'Obtain Serial Number' again. If you continue to experience difficulties in obtaining a serial number, contact your network administrator to assure that there are no firewall or DNS issues.

3. At this point, NETePay could present two possible responses. If <u>NETePay is successful in</u> <u>obtaining a serial number but is unable to locate merchant parameters for the assigned serial</u> <u>number</u>, you will see the following dialog:



The dialog contains the 10 digit serial number that was automatically assigned to NETePay. Click 'OK' to continue and then you will see the following dialog:

Configuration not Set! - Use Setup Merchant Parameters	
	ОК

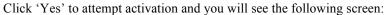
This dialog indicates that NETePay has not yet retrieved merchant parameters from Datacap's PSCS server and cannot operate until parameters are downloaded.

If a parameter file has been created on Datacap' PSCS server for the merchant account, then select 'Merchant Parameters' from the 'Setup' drop down menu. You will then see the following screen:

Merchant ID	Terminal ID	Check Digit	Merchant Category
0000000000000	00000000	0	Retail
Contactless Capable Customer Activated Terminal	□ Do Not Conr Verify SSL C	nect to Host on Startup iertificate	C Go To System Tray when Minimized.
I Information		EF	Pay Information
omm PortDial PrefixWo	orldPay Authorization 008275965		Pay Information Use Client / Server Password
omm Port Dial Prefix Wo		Phone	Real and the second
nsport Dial Prefix Wo	008275965	Phone	Use Client / Server Password
insport	008275965	Phone	Use Client / Server Password

This setup screen displays the current values for the merchant parameters which are all 0's indicating that merchant parameters have not yet been loaded from Datacap's PSCS server. Click 'Load New Parameters' and you will see the following screen:





Collect Mer	rchant Information	×
	I Have My Deployment ID	
	I Do NOT Have My Deployment ID	

To continue, you must verify that you or someone else has created a Merchant Deployment on Datacap's PSCS server. If a deployment was created you may have been given a Deployment ID, which is typically an eight character code that has been assigned to the merchant's parameters. If you have a Deployment ID for the merchant, click 'I Have My Deployment ID'. If the merchant's parameters were created on PSCS but you do not have the Deployment ID, proceed to step 4.

When you click 'I Have My Deployment ID', you will see the following dialog:

Enter Deployment ID		X
Deployment ID		
ОК	Cancel	

Enter the Deployment ID for the merchant parameter file and click 'OK'.

If NETePay detects that the Deployment ID is already in use by another serial number, you will see the following dialog:

Deactivation of Software to Occur	×
There is currently activated software (SerialNo:8660.60.359855) processing under this deployment. Continuing will result in that Software Being Deactivated. Are you sure?	
Yes Cancel	

If you see this Deactivation Warning dialog, proceed to step 5.

NETePay will display a screen with merchant demographic data for you to verify as follows:

PSCS Deployment ID:	denniwptv38	
Mercha	nt Information	
1 wptville	ay TCMP Term - 5.06.20 000 , AL 11111 US able for Activation	
		T
es. This is the Correct Merchant	Cancel	1

If the displayed information is not correct for the merchant site, click 'Cancel' and retry entry from the beginning of step 4. If the displayed information correctly identifies the merchant site, click 'Yes, This is the Correct Merchant'.

If NETePay successfully retrieves the parameters associated with the entered Deployment ID from the PSCS server, you will see the following dialog:



Click 'OK' and will then again see the setup screen as follows:

ferchant)	Terminal ID	Check Digit	Merchant Category
542929803218759	00100973	2	Restaurant
Contactless Capable Customer Activated Terminal	Do Not Con	nect to Host on Startup Certificate	Go To System Tray when Minimized.
	orldPay Authorization		Pay Information
m Port Dial Prefix W/o	774899099	1 Phone	
m Port Dial Prefix Wo	774899099	1 Phone	Use Client / Server Password

Lane Setup allows you to optionally change the description associated with each lane that was authorized in the PSCS parameter file. You cannot alter the number of lanes in NETePay; changes to the number of lanes must be done by editing the deployment file in PSCS.

The setup screen now contains non-zero values in the text boxes throughout the screen indicating the values retrieved from Datacap's PSCS server. You should verify that the parameters are correct and then click 'OK' to complete the setup process. You will then see the NETePay main status window indicating that NETePay is now programmed and ready to process transactions.

NETePay 5.20 (WorldPay) #Requests-> 0 #Sockets-> 0	15:43:56
File Setup Help	
(a) ?	
Network Traffic	
Ready	

NETePay setup is complete.

4. If you don't have the PSCS Deployment ID for the merchant, click 'I Do NOT Have My Deployment ID' in the following dialog:

Collect Merch	ant Information	×
	I Have My Deployment ID	
	I Do NOT Have My Deployment ID	

You will then see a dialog that will allow you to retrieve the PSCS merchant parameters from Datacap's PSCS server using merchant demographic information as follows:

Enter Demographics	×
PSCS Username	
Merchant Street Number	
Merchant Zip/Postal Code	
ОК	Cancel

You need the following information to complete the demographics dialog entries:

- The PSCS user under which the merchant parameter file was created on the PSCS server
- The merchant location street number (e.g. enter '123' for 123 Main St.)
- The merchant location 5 digit zip code or 6 character Canadian postal code

After entering this information, click 'OK'.

If NETePay is successful in retrieving the merchant parameters from Datacap's PSCS server, then you will see the following screen:

	PSCS Deployment ID:	denniwptv38	
_		ant Information	
		Pay TCMP Term - 5.06.20 1000	
		e, AL 11111 US	
	Currently Avail	lable for Activation	
			-
J			
	es, This is the Correct Merchant	Cance	r (

If the displayed information is not correct for the merchant site, click 'Cancel' and retry entry from the beginning of step 4. If the displayed information correctly identifies the merchant site, click 'Yes, This is the Correct Merchant'.

If NETePay detects that the selected merchant is already in use by another serial number, you will see the following dialog:

Dea	ctivation of Software to Occur	×
	There is currently activated software (SerialNo:8660.60.359855) processing under this deployment. Continuing will result in that Software Being Deactivated. Are you sure?	
	Yes Cancel	_

If you see this Deactivation Warning dialog, proceed to step 5.

If the parameters are successfully loaded, you will see the following dialog:



Click 'OK' and you will then see the setup screen as follows:

ferchant)	Terminal ID	Check Digit	Merchant Category
542929803218759	00100973	2	Restaurant
 Contactless Capable Customer Activated Terminal 	🗹 Do Not Con	nect to Host on Startup	🔽 Go To System Tray when Minimized.
	orldPay Authorization 774899099		Pay Information
nm PortDial PrefixWo	orldPay Authorization 774899099	1 Phone	Same and the second

The setup screen now contains non-zero values in the text boxes throughout the screen indicating the values retrieved from Datacap's PSCS server. You should verify that the parameters are correct and then click 'OK' to complete the setup process.

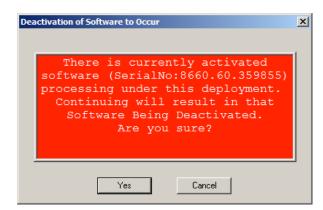
Lane Setup allows you to optionally change the description associated with each lane that was authorized in the PSCS parameter file. You cannot alter the number of lanes in NETePay; changes to the number of lanes must be done by editing the deployment file in PSCS.

You will then see the NETePay main status window indicating that NETePay is now programmed and ready to process transactions.

NETePay 5.20 (WorldPay) #Requests-> 0 #Sockets-> 0 15:43:56	<u>- 🗆 ×</u>
File Setup Help	
Network Traffic	
Ready	

NETePay setup is complete.

5. If you receive the following Deactivation Warning dialog when entering a Deployment ID or Merchant Demographic Information that means another installation of NETePay is already using the merchant parameters associated with the Deployment ID or demographic information.



Verify that the Deployment ID or demographic information entered is correct; if not click 'Cancel' and retry the entry.

If the Deployment ID or merchant demographic information is correct and you want to force the parameters to load into NETePay, you should be aware that the NETePay with the serial number listed in the dialog box will be deactivated and will no longer be able to process transactions.

This dialog is typically encountered when the current NETePay is a replacement for a NETePay already activated for the same merchant who may have had a computer problem or hard disk failure that no longer allows them to use that earlier NETePay installation. This process will allow the new NETePay installation to use the existing merchant parameters associated with the entered Deployment ID without the need to create a new parameter file on Datacap's PSCS server.

WARNING:

Do not select 'Yes' unless you are certain that the NETePay with the serial number listed in the dialog box should be deactivated.

If you are certain that you want to deactivate the NETePay serial number listed in the Deactivation Warning dialog and use it with the new NETePay, then click 'OK'. You will see the following dialog which verifies your choice:



Click 'Yes' to if you are certain that you want to deactivate the NETePay serial number listed in the Deactivation Warning dialog and use it with the new NETePay. You will then see the following screen if the parameter download from Datacap's PSCS server is successful:



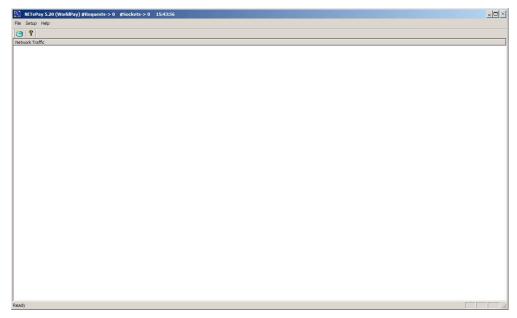
Click 'OK' and will then again see the setup screen as follows:

/lerchant D	Terminal ID	Check Digit	Merchant Category
542929803218759	00100973	2	Restaurant
Contactless Capable	🔽 Do Not Con 🗖 Verify SSL C	nect to Host on Startup Certificate	🔽 Go To System Tray when Minimized.
Information nm Port Dial Prefix Wo	rldPay Authorization		Pay Information

The setup screen now contains non-zero values in the text boxes throughout the screen indicating the values retrieved from Datacap's PSCS server. You should verify that the parameters are correct and then click 'OK' to complete the setup process.

Lane Setup allows you to optionally change the description associated with each lane that was authorized in the PSCS parameter file. You cannot alter the number of lanes in NETePay; changes to the number of lanes must be done by editing the deployment file in PSCS.

You will then see the NETePay main status window indicating that NETePay is now programmed and ready to process transactions.



NETePay setup is complete.

Verifying Your Serial Number and Activation

You can verify the serial number assigned to your copy of NETePay by selecting **About** from the **Help** menu item in the main status window. You will see a dialog bog containing the serial number and some additional information of the activation that you may need to supply in certain support situations. An example of the dialog box information is as follows:

About	
	OK
	NETePay 5.07
	Serial No: 8660.84.303579
	datacap systems, inc
	Integrated Transaction Processing Specialists
	Copyright (C) 2014-2018 Datacap Systems, Inc.
L	.icense:1;300;F;30;12/31/2018;F;;0;10/2/2018;*S
	5.07.20-0001
	Percent and a second of

Testing

Important! - Before You Start

You should arrange with your bank and payment processor for testing *NETePay* and all other related components before going live. You should perform a sale and return transaction of \$1.00 for each card type you will be accepting using live credit cards. You should then verify with your processing provider that all transactions were credited properly.

It is the sole responsibility of the merchant account holder to verify that the merchant information entered into NETePay is complete and correct.

You should only process actual customer payments after you have verified with your merchant account provider that all test transactions have been successfully processed.

Operational Considerations

Important!

NETePay relies on numerous services provided by Windows and other Microsoft software. <u>Proper computer operation is imperative to ensure reliable NETePay operation and prevent</u> <u>possible loss and/or corruption of transaction data.</u>

The following operational guidelines *must* be observed to ensure reliable NETePay operation:

- *Always* quit NETePay from the File|Exit pull down menu before restarting or shutting down Windows.
- *Always* quit NETePay and then shut down Windows before turning off the computer power. Never turn off the computer power without first quitting NETePay and shutting down Windows.
- *Always* quit NETePay and shut down Windows before pressing the reset button on the computer.
- If the computer is subject to unplanned power losses, the use of an UPS (Uninterruptible Power Supply) is *highly recommended*.
- If you operate a backup copy of NETePay, you *must* procure unique terminal and/or merchant account information for each copy of NETePay from your processing provider. Operation of multiple copies of NETePay with identical merchant setup information may cause transactions to be lost or duplicated at your processing provider.